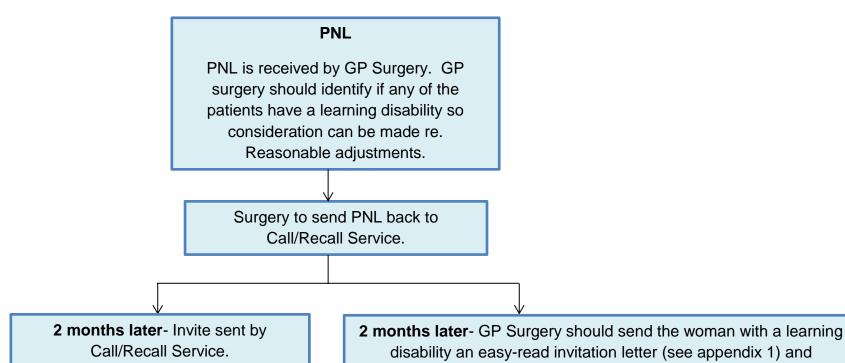
DERBYSHIRE PRMIARY CARE PATHWAY FOR CERVICAL SCREENING AND WOMEN WITH LEARNING DISABILITIES

Developed by: Jacqueline Bowlzer (Strategic Health Facilitator) Julie Yapp (Cancer Screening Co-ordinator) Dr. Parkin (General Practitioner) Elaine Chapman (Community LD nurse) Rose Leatherland (Community LD nurse) Bridget Braden (Self advocate). With thanks to: Derbyshire/Derby City Sexual Health Services and Carers from Enable.



Patient attends screening-

In line with the MCA 2005, Does patient have capacity to give informed consent? - (must be assessed by individual who has undertaken MCA training)

If there is doubt, carry out a Mental Capacity Assessment and clearly document this in the woman's records (see appendix 3 & 4).

Does she understand what the cervical screening test is for/what it involves?

Does she understand that having cervical screening may mean having more tests/treatment?

Can she retain the information long enough to make a decision?

Does she give informed consent to the screening?

No Yes **Consider and implement** No procedure to take any reasonable place. Discuss Best adjustments and extra Interests with all support that may be needed relevant people to to ensure a successful LBC determine if screening should take place. sample (see appendix 5). Liaise with woman and/or carers re. these. Refer to Community Learning Disability Team for extra support if needed (see appendix 8). Proceed with cervical Yes screening with woman's consent. Sample taking unsuccessful – Consider whether another attempt would be successful? LBC sample No taken successfully.

Defer back to recall.

Patient declines screening-

Talk to the woman and consider whether the woman understands what cervical screening is for/what it involves.

Discuss any fears/anxieties about the process and try to relieve these.

Offer the woman further information in a way that she understands.

Talk to the woman and consider what reasonable adjustments and extra support may be needed.

Refer the woman to the Community Learning Disability Team for extra support if needed (see appendix 8).

(See appendix

6 + 7

Patient is a non-responder-

accessible information about cervical screening (see appendix 2).

Resend the accessible letter and information.

Consider an alternative method of contact e.g. phone call.

Explore the barriers that the patient may be facing- what reasonable adjustments/support can be provided.

Discuss screening as part of the Annual Health Check.

Refer to the Community Learning Disability Team for extra support if needed (see appendix 8).

Defer patient back to recall if they continue to not respond after all the above has been attempted.

Follow pathway from 'Patient consents to screening' or 'Patient declines screening'

In line with the MCA 2005, Does patient have capacity to make an informed **choice? -** (must be assessed by individual who has undertaken MCA training)

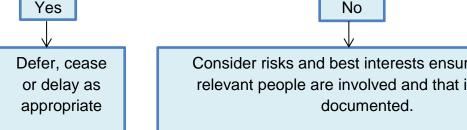
If there is doubt, carry out a Mental Capacity Assessment and clearly document this in the woman's records (see appendix 3 & 4).

Does she understand what the cervical screening test is for/what it involves?

Does she understand the risks of not having cervical screening?

Can she retain the information long enough to make a decision?

Does she make an informed decision?



Consider risks and best interests ensuring that all relevant people are involved and that it is clearly

Screening is in woman's best interests: consider reasonable adjustments and extra support (appendix 5)

Not in best interests: delay/defer back to recall.