#### Top tips to keep you safe with

- Make sure medicine are stored safely away from children and pets.
- Always take your medicines as prescribed do not double up on missed doses, do not change the dose.
- For advice on remembering to take your medicines
- Only take medicines prescribed for yourself and don't share your medicines with others.
- If you are buying any medicines, or taking any herbals or street drugs, make sure you are sure they are safe - check with your community pharmacist or prescriber first.
- Make sure you know how to safely start your medicines - ask your prescriber if there is an increasing dose
- Don't stop medicines abruptly it can lead to withdrawal symptoms or a worsening of your condition. If you want to stop taking your medicines discuss with your prescriber.
- For advice on keeping well in hot weather.
- Don't keep unwanted medicines at home. These can be taken to your usual community pharmacy for safe destruction.
- If you buy medicines online then further information about risks and how to keep safe can be found at **Buying Medicines Over** the Internet
- If you unsure about anything just ask your prescriber, pharmacist or nurse.





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If you would like this information in a different language or format, including Easy Read or BSL, contact

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# Risky alone, toxic together



Information for patients/carers to help keep them safe with medicines

**WE MAKE A POSITIVE DIFFERENCE** IN EVERYTHING WE DO



#### Overview

Medicines are important and useful for treating and preventing a wide range of physical and mental illnesses. When taken as recommended then they can be useful and safe and should not be stopped abruptly. Discuss any concerns with your healthcare professionals.

However it is recognised that certain combinations of medicines can be more risky than others, especially when taken outside of recommended dosing from a prescriber or pharmacy i.e. an overdose.

Overdoses can be both intentional as self-harm or unintentional/accidental. Unintentional overdoses occur for many reasons such as not understanding what you are taking, not realising the combination is dangerous especially when using someone else's medicines or those brought in a shop/community pharmacy.

This leaflet has been developed by Derbyshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust to support patients and carers to keep themselves safe when taking medicines.

### **Specific Medicines**

Some medicines are considered to be more risky when taken not as recommended especially when taken as an overdose, or when used in combination due to additive effects.

#### **Benzodiazepines**

These include diazepam, lorazepam and temazepam.

These drugs are used to help with anxiety and sleep disorders.

Benzodiazepines should only be used for shortperiods. Use for longer periods can lead to the medicine not working as well and difficulty stopping.

Large doses of benzodiazepines, especially when in combination with opioids and/or alcohol, are particularly dangerous and can slow your breathing rate. They can be fatal in overdoses.

#### **Antidepressants**

This is a large group of medicines and includes SSRIs (i.e. sertraline, citalopram, fluoxetine), mirtazapine, venlafaxine, tricyclic's (i.e. imipramine, clomipramine, amitriptyline) and others.

Antidepressants are used to treat depression and low mood, anxiety and pain.

Some antidepressants can be damaging to the heart. Those medicines where the risk is higher and for patients with existing heart problems, the prescriber will make sure extra checks are done before starting and during to keep you safe. However when taken in large doses the effect on the heart can be very serious.

## Gabapentinoids (Pregabalin and gabapentin)

Pregabalin is used to treat anxiety, pain and epilepsy. Gabapentin is used for pain and epilepsy.

Pregabalin at higher doses, especially when in combination with alcohol and/or opioids, it can slow your breathing rate. It can be fatal in overdoses.

#### **Opioids**

These include morphine, oxycodone, fentanyl and codeine. They also include methadone and buprenorphine and illicit's such as heroin.

Opioids are used to treat pain but also in substance misuse.

Large doses, especially in combination with alcohol and/or benzodiazepines, can make you very sleepy and slow your breathing rate. They can be fatal in overdoses.

For more information about individual mental health medicines visit

https://www.choiceandmedication.org/derbyshcft